Examples of Good Table and Figure Captions

Table 1. Relative performance of models used to evaluate the fairness of a coin. Models reflect the binomial probability of flipping heads. AICc = Akiake’s Information Criterion adjusted from small sample size. ΔAIC*c =* difference in AIC from the most supported model in the candidate set. *wi* = model weight.

Table 2. Age‐specific models used to describe weekly moose survival probability (S) of calves (<1 yr) and monthly survival probability of adults (≥1 yr) for 127 radio‐collared moose in northeastern Vermont, USA, 2017–2019. For each age class, we interpreted univariate models first to create a final model set. \* indicates a model included in the final model set.

Figure 1. Maximum likelihood of the probability that a flipped coin will be heads under varying sample sizes. Error bars represent 95% confidence limits.

Figure 3. Box plots of the health summary of moose monitored in northeastern Vermont, USA, January 2017, 2018, and 2019. A) Average mass of calves by sex at capture. B) Distribution of average winter tick count at capture (number of ticks counted/cumulative 80 cm of transects on the moose) by age class. The adult age class (≥1 yr old) is represented solely by females. Sex of captured calves (<1 yr old) was unbiased.